University of Eloued/ Faculty of Arts and Languages

Department of Arts and English Language

Master:1 / First Semester

Civilization Examination/ Correction

Task 1.In column B, write the British equivalents for the terms included in column A. Example one is given to you. (**4pts**)

Column A	Column B
President of the Parliament	The speaker
Minister of Finance	Chancellor of the Exchequer
Minister of Justice	Lord Chancellor
Interior Ministry	Home Office
Ministry of Foreign Affairs	Foreign Office

Task 2: See whether these statements are true or false, and then justify your choice.(7.5pts)

Statements		False
Members of the cabinet do not vote on bills in the parliament		F
They vote on bills: members of the cabinet are also MPs		
In the UK government, there are two types of junior ministers		
(1) Ministers of State (2) Parliamentary Under Secretaries of State		
The work of the executive is performed by two distinct groups of people		
(1) The Government (2) The Civil Service		
Cabinet ministers outnumber government ministers		F
The Cabinet is included in the Government		
In The UK, bicameralism means that the House of Commons is divided into two chambers		F
Bicameralism means that the parliament is divided into two Houses or Chambers		

Task 3. Before becoming an act of parliament, a bill passes through five stages of debate.(2.5pts):

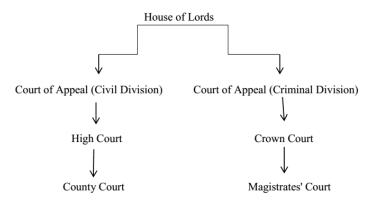
Stage one: First reading

Stage two: Second reading

Stage three: Committee stage.

Stage four: Report stage **Stage five:** Third reading

Task 4: Look at the figure below, which sketches the division of the court system in England and Wales, then, complete the missing words (3pts)



Task 5. Who are the Whips and what are their main roles? (3pts)

The Whips are MPs appointed by each party in Parliament to organize their party's contribution to parliamentary business, and to make sure that the maximum number of their party members vote the way their party wants.