

3^{ème} année correction du contrôle Anglais

- 1°/ Title of the text → Acids and bases. (2,5)
- 2°/ The text main ideas summarizing. (2)

② 3/ 1. Four characteristics of acids are: sour taste, corrosive, change the colour of indicators (in the opposite way to bases), and produce hydrogen ions in solution. Four characteristics of bases are: soapy feel, caustic, change the colour of indicators (in the opposite way to acids), and produce hydroxide ions in solution. (2)

② 4/ 2. When it dissolves in water, a base raises the pH by reacting with the water to remove hydrogen ions; at the same time the concentration of hydroxide ions rises.

④ 5/ 3. (i) The pH is 1. [In the text we are told that water has an H^+ ion concentration of 10^{-7} moles per litre and a pH of 7; and that strong bases have an H^+ ion concentration of 10^{-14} moles per litre and a pH of 14. By analogy, if the H^+ ion concentration is 10^{-1} moles per litre, the pH must be 1].
(ii) The concentration of H^+ ions in sea water is 10^{-8} moles per litre. [In the text, the pH of sea water is given as 8, so the concentration of H^+ ions must be 10^{-8} moles per litre - by analogy from the examples in part (i). Also in the text, we are told that sea water has ten times less H^+ ions than pure water; pure water has 10^{-7} moles of H^+ ions per litre, and a tenth of 10^{-7} is 10^{-8}].

④ 6/ English tense used.

a) present perfect

b) Present perfect

c) Present perfect