

**CORRECTION OF FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION (2020/2021)**

**Level:** First Year – All groups    **Module:** Literature    **Teacher:** Miss. Mehellou. Z & Mrs. Guetatlia. S

**I- Define the following terms: (5 marks)**

- \* **Novel:** An extended prose narrative which is long enough to be divided into chapters. It exhibits a detailed plot and a number of characters.
- \* **Climax:** The turning point in a work of fiction.
- \* **Tragicomedy:** A play that generally incorporates both tragic and comic elements, and specifically one with a serious, even tragic, tone that ends happily
- \* **Renaissance:** The term means rebirth, it refers to the revival of Greek and Roman works.
- \* **Monologue:** A long speech which represents a character's fleeting thoughts and impressions, or inner speech.

**II- State the difference between the following: (10 marks)**

- 1- **Mystery (Miracle) Plays/ Morality Plays:** Mystery or Miracle Plays represent stories and incidents from the Bible whereas Morality plays teach the audience about moral or religious abstractions.
- 2- **Dialogue/ Soliloquy:** A dialogue is a conversation between two actors whereas a soliloquy is a speech by the actor while alone on the stage thinking out loud, thereby communicating to the audience his/her inner thoughts and feelings.
- 3- **Chronological Order/ Flashback:** Chronological order refers to events as actually ordered in the narration while flashback refers to a change in the temporal sequence of the story so that it moves back to show events that took place earlier than those already shown.
- 4- **Novel/ Short Story:** The novel is longer than the short story, it may take place in more than one setting while the short story is a story with fewer characters and it focuses on one main incident.

**5- Protagonist/ Tragic hero:** Tragic hero typically has flaws or make mistakes that ultimately lead to his/her own downfall.

**III- Explain the following statement: (4 marks)**

During the Elizabethan age, drama became a source of entertainment to both royals and common people.

**Answer:** (Content (3 marks) + Form (1 mark))

- 1- Drama deals with secular issues rather than religious ones.
- 2- People enjoy attending plays in theatres.
- 3- Common people could not read that's why they are interested in attending plays.
- 4- Queen Elizabeth built huge number of theatres.
- 5- Plays deal with interesting subjects.